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Original Research Paper

## Adjoint of Sandwich Weighted Composition Operator on Weighted Hardy Spaces

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**Abstract.** Let  $\mathbb{D}$  be the open unit disc in the complex plane  $\mathbb{C}$ . A sandwich weighted composition operator  $S_{\psi, \varphi}$  takes an analytic map  $f$  on the open unit disc  $\mathbb{D}$  to the map  $(\psi \cdot f' \circ \varphi)'$ , where  $\varphi$  is an analytic map of  $\mathbb{D}$  into itself and  $\psi$  is an analytic map on  $\mathbb{D}$ . In this paper, we compute the adjoint of a sandwich weighted composition operator  $S_{\psi, \varphi}$  on weighted Hardy spaces.

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**Keywords and Phrases:** Weighted composition operator, evaluation kernel, weighted Hardy spaces.

### 1 Introduction

Let  $\mathbb{D}$  be the open unit disc in the complex plane  $\mathbb{C}$  and  $\partial\mathbb{D}$  be the boundary of  $\mathbb{D}$ . Let  $\beta = \{\beta_n\}_{n=0}^{\infty}$  be the sequence of positive numbers such that  $\beta_0 = 1$  and  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\beta_{n+1}}{\beta_n} = 1$ . Then for  $1 \leq p < \infty$ , the

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weighted Hardy space  $H^p(\beta)$  is the Banach space of all analytic functions  $f$  on the open unit disk  $\mathbb{D}$  defined by

$$H^p(\beta) = \left\{ f : z \rightarrow \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n z^n \quad s.t \quad \|f\|_{H^p(\beta)}^p = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} |a_n|^p \beta_n^p < \infty \right\},$$

where  $\|\cdot\|_{H^p(\beta)}$  is a norm on  $H^p(\beta)$ . If  $\beta \equiv 1$ , then  $H^p(\beta)$  becomes the classical Hardy space  $H^p$ . For  $p = 2$ ,  $H^2(\beta)$  is a Hilbert space with respect to the inner product

$$\langle f, g \rangle = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n \bar{b}_n \beta_n^2,$$

where  $f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n z^n$  and  $g(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b_n z^n$  are elements of  $H^2(\beta)$ . For a detailed discussion on  $H^p(\beta)$  one can see [12].

Let  $w \in \mathbb{D}$ . Then evaluation kernel  $K_w \in H^2(\beta)$  is defined by

$$K_w(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\bar{w}^n}{\beta_n^2} z^n, \forall z \in \mathbb{D}.$$

Clearly  $\|K_w\|^2 = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} |w|^{2n} / \beta_n^2$ , where  $\|K_w\|$  is an increasing function of  $|w|$ . For  $f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n z^n$  and  $w \in \mathbb{D}$ , we have

$$\langle f, K_w \rangle = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{a_n w^n}{\beta_n^2} \cdot \beta_n^2 = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n w^n = f(w).$$

Let  $\varphi$  be an analytic map from the open unit disc  $\mathbb{D}$  into itself. The operator that takes the analytic map  $f$  to  $f \circ \varphi$  is a composition operator and is usually denoted by  $C_\varphi$ . A natural generalization of the composition operator is an operator that takes  $f$  to  $\psi \cdot f \circ \varphi$ , where  $\psi$  is a fixed analytic map. This operator which is called a weighted composition operator and denoted by  $W_{\psi, \varphi}$ , is defined as

$$W_{\psi, \varphi} f = M_\psi C_\varphi f = \psi \cdot f \circ \varphi.$$

Let  $D$  be the differentiation operator defined by  $Df = f'$ . Then the generalized weighted composition operator on the weighted Hardy space  $H^p(\beta)$  is given as

$$M_\psi C_\varphi Df = \psi \cdot f' \circ \varphi,$$

where  $f'$  denotes the derivative of the function  $f$ .

Note that the operator  $M_\psi C_\varphi D$  induces many known operators. If  $\psi(z) = 1$ , then  $M_\psi C_\varphi D = C_\varphi D$ , and if  $\psi(z) = \varphi'(z)$ , then we get the operator  $DC_\varphi$ , known as the product of composition and differentiation operators. These two operators have been studied in [4], [6], [8], and [13]. If we put  $\varphi(z) = z$ , then  $M_\psi C_\varphi D = M_\psi D$ , that is, the product of multiplication and differentiation operators. Similarly the sandwich weighted composition operator  $DM_\psi C_\varphi D$  on  $H^p(\beta)$  is defined as

$$DM_\psi C_\varphi Df = (\psi \cdot f' \circ \varphi)', \forall f \in H^p(\beta).$$

Yousefi[14], introduced the study of composition operators on weighted Hardy spaces. In [4], Hibscheiler and Portony defined the product  $C_\varphi D$  and  $DC_\varphi$  and studied the boundedness and compactness of these operators between Bergman and Hardy spaces by using the Carleson-type measure, whereas in [8], the author studied the boundedness and compactness of  $C_\varphi D$  and  $DC_\varphi$  between Hardy type spaces. This paper is organised as follows.

In the second section, we compute the adjoint of the sandwich weighted composition operator  $DM_\psi C_\varphi D$  using power series method, whereas in third section, we compute the adjoint of the sandwich weighted composition operator  $DM_\psi C_\varphi D$  for the evaluation kernels on weighted Hardy spaces. For the sake of simplicity we denote the sandwich weighted composition operator  $DM_\psi C_\varphi D$  by  $S_{\psi, \varphi}$ , the sandwich composition operator  $DC_\varphi D$  by  $C^\varphi$  and the sandwich multiplication operator  $DM_\psi D$  by  $M^\psi$ .

## 2 Computation of Adjoint of the Operator $S_{\psi, \varphi}$ Using Power Series

In this section, we compute the adjoint of a sandwich weighted composition operator on weighted Hardy space  $H^2(\beta)$ . Let  $\varphi : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}$  and  $\psi : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be analytic functions so that the sandwich weighted composition operator  $S_{\psi, \varphi} = DM_\psi C_\varphi D \in B(H^2(\beta))$ , the Banach algebra of

bounded linear operators on  $H^2(\beta)$ . For  $f \in H^2(\beta)$ , we shall write

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \widehat{f}(n)z^n \quad (1)$$

and

$$\|f\|_{H^2(\beta)}^2 = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} |\widehat{f}(n)|^2 \beta_n^2.$$

To avoid ambiguity, we may often write  $(f)^h$  for  $\widehat{f}$ . Let  $T : H^2(\beta) \rightarrow H^2(\beta)$  be defined by

$$(\widehat{Tf})(n) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{n}{\beta_n^2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \widehat{f}(k) \overline{\widehat{h}_n(k)} \beta_k^2, & \text{for } n \geq 1, \end{cases}$$

where  $h_n = \psi.D\varphi^{n-1} + \psi'.\varphi^{n-1}$ . In the following Theorem we show that the adjoint  $S_{\psi,\varphi}^*$  of sandwich weighted composition operator  $S_{\psi,\varphi}$  is equal to  $T$ .

**Theorem 2.1.** *Let  $\varphi : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}$  and  $\psi : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be analytic maps so that  $S_{\psi,\varphi} \in B(H^2(\beta))$ . Then  $S_{\psi,\varphi}^* = T$ .*

**Proof.** Let  $f, g \in H^2(\beta)$ . Then

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \widehat{f}(n)z^n \quad \text{and} \quad g(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \widehat{g}(n)z^n.$$

Therefore

$$f'(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\widehat{f}(n)z^{n-1} \quad \text{and} \quad f''(z) = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1)\widehat{f}(n)z^{n-2}.$$

Further

$$\begin{aligned} (S_{\psi,\varphi}f)(z) &= (DM_{\psi}C_{\varphi}D)f(z) = D(\psi.f' \circ \varphi)(z) \\ &= (\psi.f'' \circ \varphi.\varphi' + \psi'.f' \circ \varphi)(z) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) \widehat{f}(n) \varphi^{n-2}(z) \cdot \varphi'(z) \cdot \psi(z) \\
 &+ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \widehat{f}(n) \varphi^{n-1}(z) \cdot \psi'(z).
 \end{aligned}$$

Hence

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_{\psi, \varphi} f &= \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) \widehat{f}(n) \varphi^{n-2} \cdot \varphi' \cdot \psi \\
 &+ \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \widehat{f}(n) \varphi^{n-1} \cdot \psi' \quad \forall f \in H^2(\beta). \tag{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

Now

$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle f, Tg \rangle &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \widehat{f}(n) \overline{\widehat{Tg}(n)} \beta_n^2 \\
 &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \widehat{f}(n) \left( \frac{n}{\beta_n^2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \overline{\widehat{g}(k) \widehat{h}_n(k) \beta_k^2} \right) \beta_n^2 \\
 &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \widehat{f}(n) \widehat{h}_n(k) \cdot \overline{\widehat{g}(k)} \right) \beta_k^2 \\
 &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \widehat{f}(n) (\psi \cdot D\varphi^{n-1} + \psi' \cdot \varphi^{n-1})^h(k) \right) \overline{\widehat{g}(k)} \beta_k^2 \\
 &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \widehat{f}(n) (\psi \cdot D\varphi^{n-1})^h(k) \right. \\
 &+ \left. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \widehat{f}(n) \cdot (\psi' \cdot \varphi^{n-1})^h(k) \right) \overline{\widehat{g}(k)} \beta_k^2 \\
 &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left( \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) \widehat{f}(n) \psi \cdot \varphi^{n-2} \varphi' \right. \\
 &+ \left. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \widehat{f}(n) \psi' \cdot \varphi^{n-1} \right)^h(k) \overline{\widehat{g}(k)} \beta_k^2.
 \end{aligned}$$

Using equation (2), we get

$$\begin{aligned} \langle f, Tg \rangle &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (\widehat{S_{\psi, \varphi} f})(k) \overline{\widehat{g}(k)} \beta_k^2 \\ &= \langle S_{\psi, \varphi} f, g \rangle \text{ for all } f, g \in H^2(\beta). \end{aligned}$$

This implies that  $S_{\psi, \varphi}^* = T$ .  $\square$

**Corollary 2.2.** *Let  $\varphi : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}$  be an analytic map such that the sandwich composition operator  $C^\varphi = DC_\varphi D \in H^2(\beta)$ . Then the adjoint of  $C^\varphi$  is given by*

$$(C^\varphi)^* f = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n z^n,$$

where

$$C_n = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } n = 0 \\ \frac{n}{\beta_n^2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \widehat{f}(k) \cdot D \widehat{\varphi^{n-1}}(k) \beta_k^2, & \text{if } n \geq 1. \end{cases}$$

**Proof.** Putting  $\psi \equiv 1$  in Theorem 2.1, the proof follows.  $\square$

**Corollary 2.3.** *Let  $\psi : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be an analytic map such that the sandwich multiplication operator  $M^\psi = DM_\psi D \in H^2(\beta)$ . Then the adjoint of  $M^\psi$  is given by*

$$(M^\psi)^* f = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} d_n z^n,$$

where

$$d_n = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } n = 0 \\ \frac{n}{\beta_n^2} \left[ \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (n-1) \widehat{f}(k) (\widehat{e_{n-2} \cdot \psi})(k) + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \widehat{f}(k) (\widehat{e_{n-1} \cdot \psi'})(k) \right] \beta_k^2, & \text{if } n \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

where  $e_n : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  is defined as  $e_n(z) = z^n \quad \forall z \in \mathbb{D}$ .

**Proof.** Putting  $\varphi(z) = z$ , in Theorem 2.1, the proof follows.  $\square$

### 3 Computation of Adjoint of the Operator $S_{\psi,\varphi}$ for Evaluation Kernels

In this section, we compute the adjoint of the sandwich weighted composition operator  $S_{\psi,\varphi}$  of the evaluation kernels on weighted Hardy space  $H^2(\beta)$ . For this, we need following Lemma.

**Lemma 3.1.** *Let  $f \in H^2(\beta)$  and  $K_w(z)$  be the evaluation kernel. Then*

$$\langle f, K_w^{[1]}(z) \rangle = f'(w) \quad \text{and} \quad \langle f, K_w^{[2]}(z) \rangle = f''(w),$$

where  $K_w^{[1]}$  and  $K_w^{[2]}$  are the first and second order derivatives of  $K_w$  with respect to  $w$  respectively.

**Proof.** Let  $f \in H^2(\beta)$ . Then

$$f(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a_k \cdot z^k,$$

$$f'(w) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} k a_k \cdot w^{k-1} \tag{3}$$

and

$$f''(w) = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} k(k-1) a_k \cdot w^{k-2}. \tag{4}$$

Now

$$K_w(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^k \cdot \bar{w}^k}{\beta_k^2}.$$

Therefore,

$$K_w^{[1]}(z) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{k z^k \cdot \bar{w}^{k-1}}{\beta_k^2} \tag{5}$$

and

$$K_w^{[2]}(z) = \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \frac{k(k-1)z^k \bar{w}^{k-2}}{\beta_k^2}. \quad (6)$$

Using equations (3) and (5), we get  $\langle f, K_w^{[1]}(z) \rangle = f'(w)$  and by using (4) and (6), we get  $\langle f, K_w^{[2]}(z) \rangle = f''(w)$ .  $\square$

**Theorem 3.2.** *Let  $\varphi : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}$  and  $\psi : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be analytic such that the sandwich weighted composition operator  $S_{\psi, \varphi} : H^2(\beta) \rightarrow H^2(\beta)$  is bounded. Then the adjoint  $S_{\psi, \varphi}^*$  of  $S_{\psi, \varphi}$  is given by*

$$S_{\psi, \varphi}^* K_w = \overline{\psi'(w)} K_{\varphi(w)}^{[1]} + \overline{\psi(w) \cdot \varphi'(w)} \cdot K_{\varphi(w)}^{[2]}, \forall w \in \mathbb{D}.$$

**Proof.** Let  $f \in H^2(\beta)$ . Then for  $w \in \mathbb{D}$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} \langle f, S_{\psi, \varphi}^* K_w \rangle &= \langle S_{\psi, \varphi} f, K_w \rangle \\ &= \langle (\psi \cdot f' \circ \varphi)', K_w \rangle = (\psi \cdot f' \circ \varphi)'(w) \\ &= (\psi' \cdot f' \circ \varphi + \psi \cdot f'' \circ \varphi \cdot \varphi')(w) \\ &= \psi'(w) \cdot f'(\varphi(w)) + \psi(w) \cdot f''(\varphi(w)) \varphi'(w). \end{aligned}$$

Using Lemma 3.1, we get

$$\begin{aligned} \langle f, S_{\psi, \varphi}^* K_w \rangle &= \psi'(w) \langle f, K_{\varphi(w)}^{[1]} \rangle + \psi(w) \cdot \varphi'(w) \langle f, K_{\varphi(w)}^{[2]} \rangle \\ &= \langle f, \overline{\psi'(w)} K_{\varphi(w)}^{[1]} + \overline{\psi(w) \cdot \varphi'(w)} \cdot K_{\varphi(w)}^{[2]} \rangle. \end{aligned}$$

This implies that

$$S_{\psi, \varphi}^* K_w = \overline{\psi'(w)} K_{\varphi(w)}^{[1]} + \overline{\psi(w) \cdot \varphi'(w)} \cdot K_{\varphi(w)}^{[2]} \quad \forall w \in \mathbb{D}.$$

$\square$

**Corollary 3.3.** *Let  $\varphi : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}$  be analytic map. Then the adjoint of the sandwich composition operator  $C^\varphi = DC_\varphi D : H^2(\beta) \rightarrow H^2(\beta)$  is given by*

$$(C^\varphi)^* K_w = \overline{\varphi'(w)} \cdot K_{\varphi(w)}^{[2]} \quad \forall w \in \mathbb{D},$$

where  $(C^\varphi)^*$  is the adjoint of  $C^\varphi$ .

**Proof.** The result followings by putting  $\psi(w) \equiv 1$  in Theorem 3.2.  $\square$

**Corollary 3.4.** *Let  $\psi : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be analytic map. Then the adjoint  $(M^\psi)^*$  of the sandwich multiplication operator  $M^\psi = DM_\psi D : H^2(\beta) \rightarrow H^2(\beta)$  is given by*

$$(M^\psi)^* K_w = (\overline{\psi} \cdot K_w^{[1]})' \quad \forall w \in \mathbb{D}.$$

**Proof.** By putting  $\varphi(w) = w$  in Theorem 3.2, we get

$$(M^\psi)^* K_w = \overline{\psi'(w)} \cdot K_w^{[1]} + \overline{\psi(w)} \cdot K_w^{[2]}.$$

Since derivative of conjugate is equal to conjugate of derivative, we see that

$$\begin{aligned} (M^\psi)^* K_w &= \overline{\psi'(w) \cdot K_w^{[1]} + \psi(w) \cdot K_w^{[2]}} \\ &= \overline{(\psi \cdot K_w^{[1]})'} \\ &= (\overline{\psi} \cdot K_w^{[1]})'. \end{aligned}$$

$\square$

**Theorem 3.5.** *Let  $\varphi : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}$  be an analytic such that the sandwich composition operator  $C^\varphi \in B(H^2(\beta))$ . Then  $|\varphi'(w)| \leq \|C^\varphi\| \cdot \frac{\|K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)}}{\|K_{\varphi(w)}^{[2]}\|_{H^2(\beta)}}$  for all  $w \in \mathbb{D}$ .*

**Proof.** Let  $f_w = \frac{K_w}{\|K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)}}$ . Then  $\|f_w\|_{H^2(\beta)} = 1$ . Since  $C^\varphi$  is bounded, we have

$$\|(C^\varphi)^* f_w\|_{H^2(\beta)} \leq \|(C^\varphi)^*\| \cdot \|f_w\|_{H^2(\beta)} = \|C^\varphi\|.$$

That is

$$\|(C^\varphi)^* \frac{K_w}{\|K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)}}\|_{H^2(\beta)} \leq \|C^\varphi\|$$

or

$$\|(C^\varphi)^* K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)} \leq \|C^\varphi\| \|K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)}.$$

By using Corollary 3.3, we have

$$\|\overline{\varphi'(w)}.K_{\varphi(w)}^{[2]}\|_{H^2(\beta)} \leq \|C^\varphi\| \|K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)}.$$

This implies that

$$|\varphi'(w)| \leq \|C^\varphi\| \cdot \frac{\|K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)}}{\|K_{\varphi(w)}^{[2]}\|_{H^2(\beta)}}.$$

This complete the proof.  $\square$

**Theorem 3.6.** *Let  $\psi : \mathbb{D} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be an analytic map such that the sandwich multiplication operator  $M^\psi \in B(H^2(\beta))$ . Then for all  $w \in \mathbb{D}$ ,*

$$\|(\overline{\psi}K_w^{[1]})'\|_{H^2(\beta)} \leq \|M^\psi\| \cdot \|K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)}.$$

**Proof.** Let  $f_w = \frac{K_w}{\|K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)}}$ . Then  $\|f_w\|_{H^2(\beta)} = 1$ . Since  $M^\psi$  is bounded,

$$\|(M^\psi)^* f_w\|_{H^2(\beta)} \leq \|(M^\psi)^*\| \cdot \|f_w\|_{H^2(\beta)}.$$

That is

$$\begin{aligned} \|(M^\psi)^* \cdot \frac{K_w}{\|K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)}}\|_{H^2(\beta)} &\leq \|M^\psi\| \\ \|(M^\psi)^* K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)} &\leq \|M^\psi\| \cdot \|K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)}. \end{aligned}$$

Hence

$$\|(\overline{\psi}K_w^{[1]})'\|_{H^2(\beta)} \leq \|M^\psi\| \cdot \|K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)}.$$

$\square$

**Theorem 3.7.** *Let  $\varphi$  be an analytic self-map of the open unit disc  $\mathbb{D}$ , such that the sandwich composition operator  $C^\varphi \in B(H^2(\beta))$ . If  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\beta_n^2} < \infty$ , then  $\|C^\varphi\|$  is bounded below by  $\frac{\alpha\sqrt{2}}{\beta_2\sqrt{\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\beta_n^2}}}$ , where  $\alpha = \|\varphi'(w)\|_{H^2(\beta)}$  and  $w \in \mathbb{D}$  s.t  $\varphi'(w) \neq 0$ .*

**Proof.** By the Theorem 3.5, we have

$$|\varphi'(w)| \leq \|C^\varphi\| \cdot \frac{\|K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)}}{\|K_{\varphi(w)}^{[2]}\|_{H^2(\beta)}} \quad \forall w \in \mathbb{D}. \quad (7)$$

Now

$$\|K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)}^2 = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{|w|^{2n}}{\beta_n^2}.$$

This implies that

$$\|K_w\|_{H^2(\beta)} < \sqrt{\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\beta_n^2}}. \quad (8)$$

Now from equation (6) of Lemma 3.1, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \|K_w^{[2]}\|_{H^2(\beta)}^2 &= \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{n^2(n-1)^2 \|w\|^{2(n-2)}}{\beta_n^2} \\ &\geq \frac{2}{\beta_2^2}. \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

Using equations (8) and (9) in (7), we get

$$|\varphi'(w)| \leq \|C^\varphi\| \cdot \frac{\beta_2}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\beta_n^2}}$$

$$\frac{\alpha\sqrt{2}}{\beta_2\sqrt{\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\beta_n^2}}} \leq \|C^\varphi\|.$$

This complete the proof.  $\square$

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